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BAYONNE, N. J.**Milk—Sale of—Maintenance of Dairies within City Prohibited. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 9, 1916.)**

SECTION 1. On and after December 31, 1916, no person, persons, corporations, or copartnership shall maintain or carry on the business of a dairy, where cattle are kept for the production of milk for the purpose of sale within the limits of the city of Bayonne.

SEC. 2. Any person, persons, corporations, or copartnership violating this ordinance shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a penalty of not less than \$25 for the first offense, and \$25 for each subsequent offense; and each day's continuance shall be deemed a separate offense.

BELLINGHAM, WASH.**Water Supply—Protection of—Appointment, Duties, and Salary of Watershed Patrolman. (Ord. 2734, May 3, 1916.)**

SECTION 1. That the mayor of the city of Bellingham be; and hereby is, authorized to appoint a special policeman and in his discretion remove the same. Such policeman shall be known as the watershed patrolman, and shall at the time of qualifying for said appointment, take an oath of office and shall have the powers of a constable under the laws of this State and may arrest with or without warrant any person committing any offense against the purity or cleanliness of the water supply of the city of Bellingham as said offenses may be defined by any ordinance of the city. Such officer shall while on duty wear at all times in plain view a badge bearing the words "City of Bellingham, Watershed Patrolman." He shall perform such general and special patrol and other work necessary for the protection of Lake Whatcom and Lake Padden from pollution as may be directed by the mayor or the board of health of the city of Bellingham. Such patrolman shall receive the sum of \$75 per month, payable monthly out of the water fund of the city of Bellingham, as full compensation for all services so performed.

BERKELEY, CAL.**Garbage, Refuse, and Ashes—Care, Collection, and Disposal—Receptacles. (Ord. 445, N. S., Feb. 2, 1916.)**

SECTION 1. Garbage, as the word is made use of in this ordinance, consists of solid or semisolid kitchen refuse subject to decay or putrefaction or in which flies or vermin can breed and live, and market wastes of animal and vegetable matter which has been or was intended to be used as food for man or animal, also dead animals of a weight not to exceed 10 pounds.

Rubbish.—Rubbish, as the word is made use of in this ordinance, consists of refuse largely or wholly combustible, other than foodstuffs, such as paper, clothing, grass, leaves, wood, and sweepings, in quantities no greater than can readily be placed in the regular garbage cans.

Mineral wastes.—Mineral wastes, as the term is made use of in this ordinance, consists of noncombustible refuse, such as plaster, brick, cement, glass, crockery, natural soil, shells, metals, and metal products.

Ashes.—Ashes in quantities not to exceed 5 gallons per week may be classed as rubbish and disposed of according to the provisions of this ordinance therefor while larger quantities shall be classed as mineral wastes.

Tree trimmings.—Tree trimmings, vines, and grass in quantities exceeding the capacity of garbage cans may be classed with mineral wastes for purposes of disposal.

Dead animals.—Dead animals, as the term is made use of in this ordinance, consists of all dead animals or parts thereof (including condemned meats) exceeding 10 pounds in weight and not intended to be used as food.

SEC. 2. *Receptacles for garbage and rubbish.*—Every tenant or occupant of any private dwelling and every keeper of any hotel, restaurant, boarding house, or other building

where meals are furnished and every other person, corporation or association having garbage shall provide and at all times keep in a place easily accessible to the garbage collector and where they will not be a public nuisance or in any degree offensive, water-tight, metallic cans or metal-lined boxes with suitable bales or handles and each having in place a tight-fitting cover that will exclude water, for receiving and holding without spilling or leaking or escape of odor, all the garbage which would ordinarily accumulate on his premises between the times of two successive collections as provided in section 7.

Cans or receptacles for garbage shall each have a capacity of not less than 10 gallons and not to exceed 60 gallons. No can or receptacle for receiving garbage shall be placed or kept on or in any public street, alley, sidewalk, footpath, or any public place whatsoever. Rubbish may be deposited with garbage in garbage cans; or separate receptacles similar to those herein specified for garbage shall be provided for receiving rubbish and protecting it from wind and rain. Receptacles must be provided on each premises of sufficient capacity to hold the rubbish which would ordinarily accumulate in one week's time.

It shall be unlawful to keep or deposit rubbish or garbage on any private grounds, except in cans or receptacles as specified in this section.

Refuse of a liquid nature shall not be deposited with garbage or rubbish. Kitchen refuse collected by licensed collectors must be drained of all moisture and completely wrapped in paper before being placed in the receptacles and the receptacles kept at all times in a neat and sanitary condition.

Rubbish shall be reduced to such size and shape as to be easily and compactly placed in barrels, boxes, or wagons, and no single piece shall exceed 2 feet in its maximum dimension when so packed.

SEC. 3. *Tin cans.*—Separate receptacles shall be provided for tin cans. Tin cans, after being emptied and cleaned of all matter subject to decay, shall be deposited therein for collection and shall at all times be kept separate from garbage and rubbish.

SEC. 4. *Receptacles for mineral wastes.*—It shall be unlawful for any person to deposit mineral wastes in receptacles designed for garbage or rubbish. Any person desiring to have mineral wastes removed from his premises shall provide suitable receptacles therefor and keep such mineral wastes entirely separate from both garbage and rubbish.

SEC. 5. *Removal of garbage and rubbish.*—All garbage or garbage and rubbish shall be collected not less than three times per week from all meat, fish, game, and vegetable markets, hotels, restaurants, boarding houses, hospitals, and such other places as the health officer may order in writing.

Collections shall be made at least once a week from private residences where the weekly accumulation does not ordinarily exceed 20 gallons, and at least semi-weekly from all places not herein otherwise specified.

Rates for collection.—For the services of collection and disposition of garbage and rubbish the tenant or occupant or proprietor of each residence, building, shop, or storeroom on which garbage and rubbish accumulates, shall be charged by the collector; rates not to exceed the following schedules:

Cost per month for removal of garbage and rubbish.

Quantity.	Collections per week.			
	1	2	3	6
20 gallons or less ($2\frac{1}{3}$ cubic feet).....	\$0.35	\$0.70	\$1.00	\$2.00
20 to 30 gallon can ($2\frac{1}{3}$ cubic feet).....	.45	.90	1.25	2.50
30 to 40 gallon can ($3\frac{1}{3}$ to 5 cubic feet).....	.55	1.10	1.50	3.00
40 to 50 gallon can (5 cubic feet).....	.65	1.35	1.80	3.60
50 to 60 gallon can ($6\frac{1}{3}$ cubic feet).....	.75	1.50	2.25	4.50

These prices shall include the removal of the regular accumulation of tin cans.

For removal of mineral wastes, manure, yard and street cleanings, one-fourth cent per pound.

SEC. 6. *Garbage removal.*—All garbage shall be removed and carried through the streets of the city in carts or wagons in water-tight cans, or in carts or wagons having metallic or metal lined beds and with proper covers, so that the garbage shall not be offensive, and the garbage and rubbish shall be so loaded that none of it shall fall, drip, or spill to the ground, and shall be protected from wind and rain.

Separate compartments shall be provided in the garbage wagons for tin cans. Tin cans shall be kept separate from garbage and rubbish and shall be dumped at the incinerator as directed by the Superintendent in charge.

Wagons.—Every cart or wagon shall be kept clean on the inside and both clean and well painted on the outside, and in a prominent place on each cart or wagon on each side thereof shall be displayed the number issued by the city for that cart or wagon.

SEC. 7. *Delivery to incinerator.*—Garbage and rubbish shall be delivered by the collectors at the municipal incinerator at such time during the day as may be determined by the superintendent of the incinerator.

It shall be unlawful for anyone to dump garbage or rubbish within the city limits, except at the municipal incinerator as herein specified.

All garbage and rubbish shall be kept as dry as possible during all the time of accumulation, collection, and delivery at the incinerator.

Permit necessary.—It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business of collecting garbage without having first obtained from the city council a permit for conducting said business; said permit shall cover a period of one year unless revoked, and shall not be transferable, except by permission of the council of the city of Berkeley.

SEC. 8. *Incinerating fee.*—For the services of destruction and disposal of garbage and rubbish the collector thereof shall pay a monthly fee of \$15 for each wagon. Payment of this fee shall be made on or before the first day of each month to the treasurer of the city of Berkeley, who shall issue a receipt therefor which shall be the permit for disposal privileges at the municipal incinerator during the calendar month following the date of such receipt.

SEC. 9. *Mineral wastes.*—Mineral wastes shall be kept separate from garbage and rubbish during collection and disposal, and shall be dumped in such place and in such manner as shall be approved by the commissioner of public works.

SEC. 10. *Health officer judge of sufficiency and sanitation.*—The health officer shall have the power to establish rules and regulations governing keeping, collection, removal, and disposition of garbage, rubbish, and dead animals not inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance.

The health officer shall be the judge of the sufficiency and sanitation of all garbage and rubbish containers and carriers.

Council as arbiter.—The council of the city of Berkeley shall be the arbiters of any dispute between collectors and patrons concerning all provisions of this ordinance, except those in which the health officer is specified as judge.

SEC. 11. *Violation of provisions of ordinance.*—Any violation of any provision of this ordinance shall be punishable by a fine of not less than \$10 and not more than \$100 for each offense. The judgment imposing the fine shall, as an alternative to such fine, impose imprisonment in the county jail of Alameda County until such fine is satisfied in the manner and for the time and rate provided by law.

SEC. 12. Sections 1 and 2 of ordinance No. 523-A and ordinance No. 84 (N. S.) are hereby repealed, but nothing in this ordinance shall be construed to repeal ordinance No. 352 (N. S.) as amended by ordinance No. 364 (N. S.) providing for the licensing of garbage wagons.